ABSTRACT

Quinolylpropylpiperidine derivatives of general formula (I) in which R_{1a} is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, hydroxyamino, alkoxyamino or alkylalkoxyamino and R_{1b} is hydrogen, or R_{1a} and R_{1b} form an oxo, R_2 is carboxyl, carboxymethyl or hydroxymethyl, R₃ is alkyl either substituted with substituted with halogen, optionally 10 phenylthio alkyl, alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, trifluoromethoxy, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano or amino, or with cycloalkylthio (3 to 7 members) optionally substituted with halogen or trifluoromethyl, or with heteroarylthio (5 to 6 members and 1 to 415 heteroatoms chosen from N, O and S), optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, alkyl, alkoxy, trifluoromethoxy, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano or amino or R₃ is propargyl substituted with phenyl or heteroaryl as defined above, 20 R_4 is alkyl, alkenyl- CH_2 - or alkynyl- CH_2 -, cycloalkyl or in their various isomeric forms, cycloalkylalkyl, separate or as mixtures, and also their salts, their preparation process and intermediates compositions containing them. These novel derivatives 25 are potent antibacterial agents.

$$R_4$$
-O R_2 $N-R_3$ R_4 -O R_2 (I)